
LAKELAND COMMUNITY COLLEGE – COURSE OUTLINE FORM

*** APPROVED VERSION, EFFECTIVE Fall/ 16

ORIGINATION DATE:	10/31/01	APPROVAL DATE:	11/18/15
LAST MODIFICATION DATE:	12/2/15	EFFECTIVE TERM/YEAR:	FALL/ 16

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COURSE ID: MATH1600
COURSE TITLE: Survey of College Mathematics

	LECTURE	LAB	CLINICAL	TOTAL	OBR MIN	OBR MAX
CREDITS:	3.00	0.00	0.00	3.00	0.00	3.00
CONTACT HOURS:	3.00	0.00	0.00	3.00		

PREREQUISITE:

A GRADE OF SC OR BETTER IN MATH 0850 OR PLACEMENT TEST

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

This course explores systems of linear equations, Gauss-Jordan elimination, matrices, matrix algebra, linear programming, simplex method, mathematics of finance, probability, statistics, random variables, and the binomial and normal distributions. Students must supply a graphing calculator.

RATIONALE FOR COURSE:

Survey of College Mathematics develops mathematical literacy. It prepares students to absorb new ideas and provides essential mathematical skills for today's environment.

GENERAL COURSE GOALS:**The course will**

1. Further develop students' ability to use the language of mathematics correctly in speaking and writing.
2. Introduce, develop, and apply mathematics techniques, and demonstrate their utility towards solving real-world problems.
3. Further develop the use of technology (graphing calculator and computer) as a tool for determining solutions to real-world problems.
4. Further develop students' abilities to solve real-life problems utilizing mathematics and to analyze and solve these problems analytically and graphically.
5. Engage students in the exploration of the central ideas of mathematics through laboratory experiments, individually, and/or in groups.
6. Further strengthen students' ability to critically apply mathematical thinking to solve problems and to determine reasonableness of results.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:**Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to**

1. Apply the linear systems of equations concept to real-world problems.

2. Utilize matrices to represent real-world data.
3. Apply matrix algebra to solve real-world applications.
4. Utilize matrix inverses to solve linear systems of equations.
5. Set up the mathematical model for a linear programming problem.
6. Solve linear programming problems graphically.
7. Solve linear programming problems using the simplex method.
8. Utilize duality to solve linear programming problems.
9. Compute simple and compound interest.
10. Compute present value and future value of an annuity.
11. Compute outstanding balance on an amortized loan.
12. Differentiate between permutations and combinations.
13. Utilize counting techniques in probability theory.
14. Determine probabilities for events and complements of events.
15. Compute conditional probabilities.
16. Compute probabilities for dependent and independent events.
17. Interpret statistical graphs including the histogram, bar graph, pie graph, and o-give.
18. Compute mean, median, mode, midrange, range, and standard deviation for a set of data.
19. Utilize random variables in probability experiments and the construction of probability histograms.
20. Recognize a binomial experiment.
21. Compute a probability for a binomial distribution.
22. Compute a probability for a normal distribution.
23. Compute expected value and standard deviation for binomial and normal distribution.
24. Develop analytic as well as graphic and numeric techniques using technology for solving problems.
25. Apply appropriate technology to solve mathematical problems and judge the reasonableness of the results.

COURSE OUTLINE:

- I. Systems of Linear Equations
 - A. Linear functions
 1. Domain and range
 2. Graphs
 - B. Solving systems of linear equations
 1. Solving systems graphically
 2. Solving systems algebraically

II. Matrices

- A. Matrix algebra
 - 1. Addition
 - 2. Subtraction
 - 3. Scalar multiplication
 - 4. Matrix multiplication
- B. Gauss-Jordan
 - 1. Augmented matrices
 - 2. Row-reduced echelon form
- C. Matrix inverses
 - 1. Identity matrix
 - 2. Systems of linear equations

III. Linear Programming

- A. Mathematical model
 - 1. Objective function
 - 2. Constraints
- B. Systems of Linear Inequalities
 - 1. Graphs
 - 2. Corner point theorem
- C. Simplex method
 - 1. Initial simplex tableau
 - a. Slack variables
 - b. Surplus variables
 - 2. Pivot elements
 - a. Pivot row
 - b. Pivot column
 - 3. Standard maximum form problems
 - 4. Standard minimum form problems
 - a. Duality
 - b. Matrix transpose

IV. Mathematics of Finance

- A. Interest
 - 1. Simple
 - 2. Compound
- B. Annuities
 - 1. Present value
 - 2. Future value

V. Probability

- A. Sets
 - 1. Notation
 - 2. Elements
 - 3. Cardinality
- B. Set operations
 - 1. Union
 - 2. Intersection
 - 3. Complement
- C. Counting Techniques
 - 1. Multiplication principle
 - 2. Permutations
 - 3. Combinations
- D. Events
 - 1. Independent
 - 2. Dependent
- E. Computing probabilities
 - 1. Probability of an event
 - 2. Probability of independent events
 - 3. Probability of dependent events
 - 4. Addition rule
 - 5. Multiplication rule

- 6. Bayes' Theorem
- F. Distributions
 - 1. Random variables
 - a. Discrete
 - b. Continuous
 - 2. Probability histograms
 - 3. Binomial distribution
 - a. Binomial experiment
 - b. Expected value
 - c. Standard deviation
 - 4. Normal distribution
 - a. Normal (bell) curve
 - b. Standard normal curve
 - c. z-score
 - d. Expected value
 - e. Standard deviation

VI. Statistics

- A. Data
 - 1. Qualitative
 - a. Graphs
 - 2. Quantitative
 - a. Graphs
 - 3. Measures of centrality
 - a. Mean
 - b. Median
 - c. Mode
 - 4. Measures of dispersion
 - a. Midrange
 - b. Range
 - c. Standard deviation

INSTRUCTIONAL PROCEDURES THAT MAY BE UTILIZED:

Lecture/discussion
 Computer/graphing calculator based activities
 Group and/or individual activities
 Research projects utilizing real data gathered from the Internet or other sources

GRADING PROCEDURES:

Students should be evaluated with at least four evaluative procedures. Instructors must abide by the following departmental guidelines:

- 1. 80% or more of any test, midterm, or final must be without the aid of books, notes, cheat sheets, other people, etc.
- 2. 80% or more of any student's final grade is based on exams that are conducted in class without the aid of books, notes, cheat sheets, other people, etc.

COURSE EVALUATION PROCEDURES:

Student course evaluations
 Department review

LAKELAND LEARNING OUTCOMES

	Methods of Assessment								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
LEARNS ACTIVELY									
1. Takes responsibility for his/her own learning									
2. Uses effective learning strategies									
3. Reflects on effectiveness of his/her own learning strategies									
THINKS CRITICALLY									
4. Identifies an issue or idea									
5. Explores perspectives relevant to an issue or idea									
6a. Identifies options or positions									
6b. Critiques options or positions									
7. Selects an option or position	1								
8a. Implements a selected option or position									
8b. Reflects on a selected option or position									
COMMUNICATES CLEARLY									
9a. Uses correct spoken English									
9b. Uses correct written English									
10. Conveys a clear purpose									
11. Presents ideas logically									
12a. Comprehends the appropriate form(s) of expression									
12b. Uses the appropriate form(s) of expression									
13. Engages in an exchange of ideas									
USES INFORMATION EFFECTIVELY									
14. Develops an effective search strategy									
15a. Uses technology to access information	1								
15b. Uses technology to manage information	1								
16. Uses selection criteria to choose appropriate information									
17. Uses information responsibly									
INTERACTS IN DIVERSE ENVIRONMENTS									
18a. Demonstrates knowledge of diverse ideas									
18b. Demonstrates knowledge of diverse values									
19. Describes ways in which issues are embedded in relevant contexts									
20a. Collaborates with others									
20b. Collaborates with others in a variety of situations									
21. Acts with respect for others									

Methods of Assessment Codes:		
1. Test/Examination	4. Collaborative Writing	7. Portfolio
2. Homework/Written Assignment	5. Presentation	8. Demonstration of Skills
3. Research Project	6. Lab Project	9. Other (Specify in Grading Procedures)